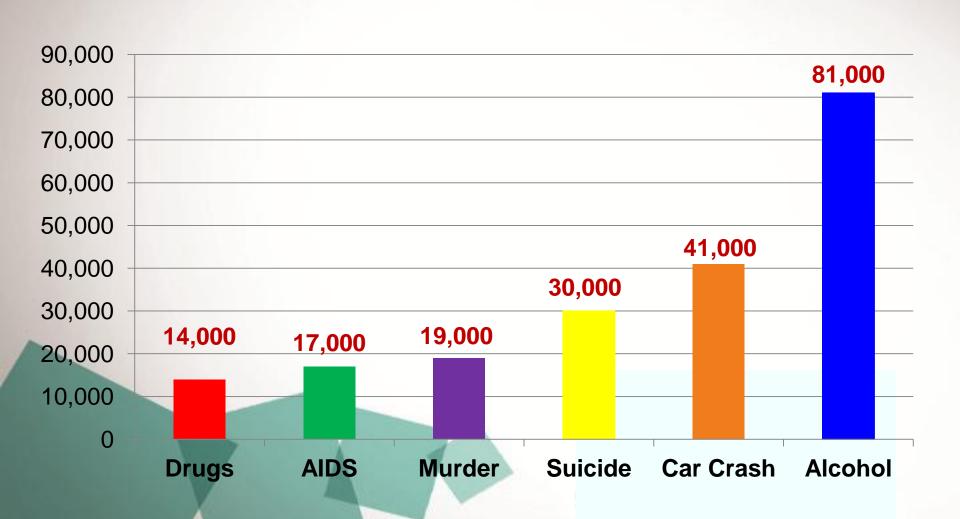
# Taking Your Campus Tobacco-free Protecting Students and Staff from Secondhand Smoke

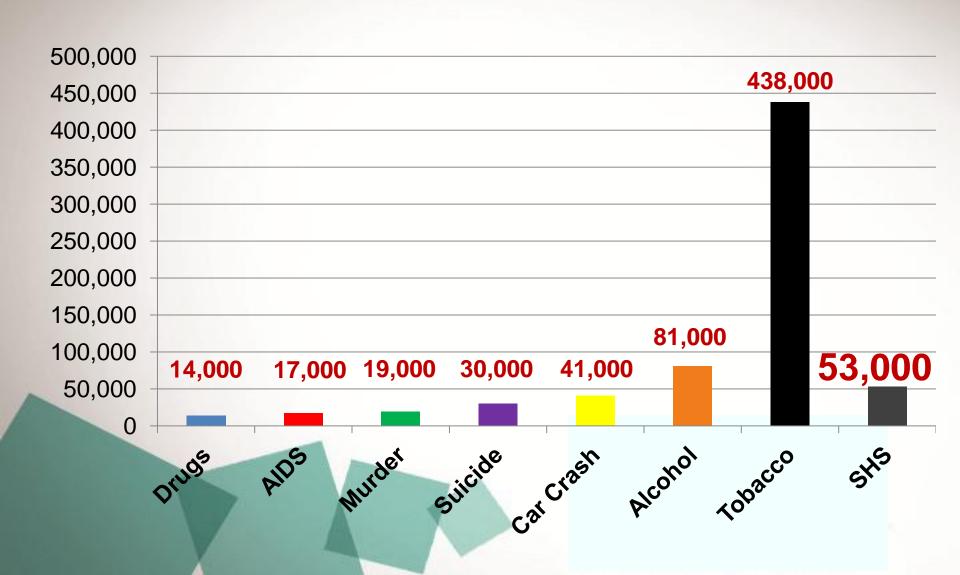




## Common Causes of Death in the U.S. Per Year

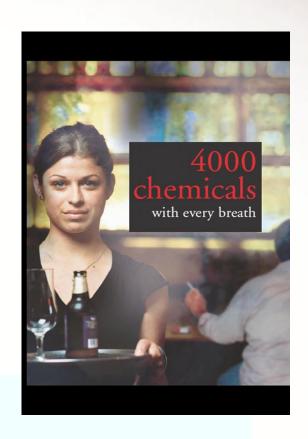


#### **Tobacco: Number 1 Killer**



### SMOKING MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY IN THE U.S.

- Tobacco use is the single most preventable cause of disease and death in the nation.
- More than 438,000 deaths a year are due to smoking and secondhand smoke exposure.<sup>3</sup>
- There are approximately
   8.6 million people living with smoking-related illness.<sup>4</sup>



Reference: CDC 2003

#### **Toll of Tobacco in Alabama**

Alabama has the 7<sup>th</sup> highest adult smoking rate in the nation.

- 22.6% of adults in Alabama are current cigarette smokers.
  - 25.7% of males smoke
  - 19.7% of females smoke
- 11.1% of mothers reported smoking during pregnancy.
- 7.0% of middle school students are current smokers (2010).
- 18.6% of high school students are current smokers (2010).





#### **Student Facts**

- College students are particularly prone to taking up social smoking.
- Most believe their casual tobacco use is harmless and that they will not become addicted.
- Most college students believe they will quit when they graduate.
- 90% of smokers start by 19 years of age.





#### What is "Secondhand Smoke?"



SHS is a combination of smoke from a burning cigarette, pipe, or cigar and smoke exhaled by the smoker.

- Contains at least 250 toxic chemicals, including more than 50 that can cause cancer.
- When you breathe secondhand smoke, it is like you are smoking
- 820 Alabama nonsmokers die each year from the exposure to SHS







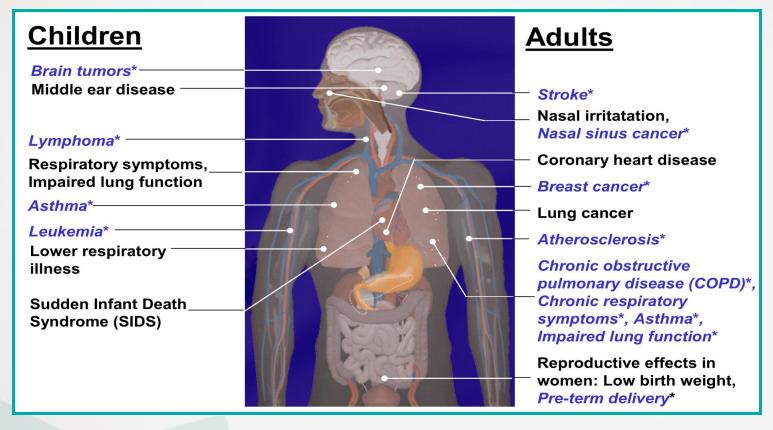


#### What's in it?

- more than 7,000 chemical compounds
- 69 cancer-causing poisons!



### **Diseases Caused by Secondhand Smoke**

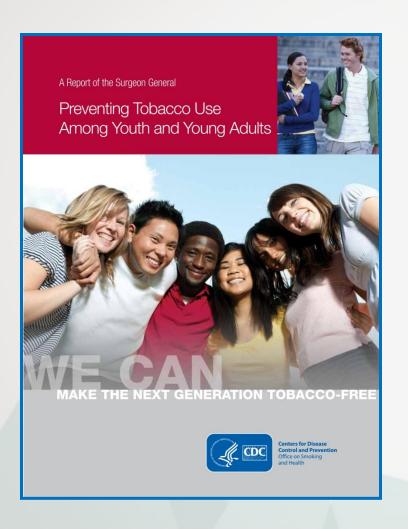


#### Sufficient evidence

\* Evidence is suggestive

Statewide Tobacco Control Branch

#### **2012 Report from the Surgeon General**



- 3,800 young people will smoke their first cigarette today.
- "If young people don't start using tobacco by age 26 they almost certainly will never start."
- Tobacco-Free Campuses can make tobacco use the exception, not the norm.



### Why Tobacco-Free Policies

- Provide protection from SHS
- Create healthier cleaner environments
- Change social norms around tobacco use
- Encourage smokers to reduce overall consumption or quit
- Encourage youth not to start





#### **Making your Campus Tobacco-free**

- Using the Tobacco-Free College Tool Kit:
  - Assess your current campus tobacco policy
  - Identify and educate allies
  - Determine campus student and faculty opinions of tobacco use and smoke-free policies
  - Use a model comprehensive smoke-free policy
  - Develop and implement your plan



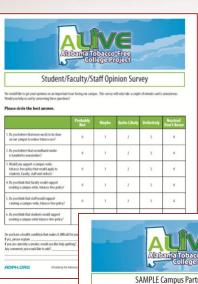
# **Characteristics of Effective Tobacco-Free Campus Policies**

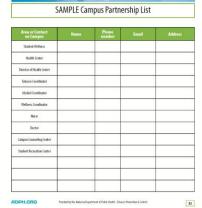
- ✓ Mandates 100% Tobacco-free environments
- Uses clearly defined terms
- Contains few exemptions
- Spells out a clear rationale for the policy that sites documented health risks SHS poses to all
- Defines procedures, penalties and funding mechanisms for enforcement

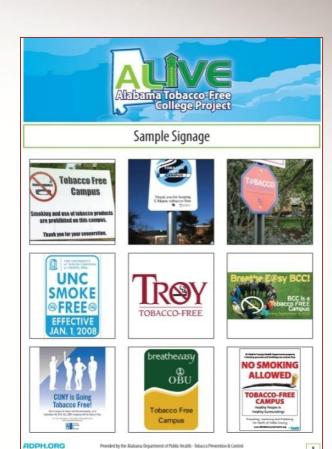


#### **Campus Smoke-free Resources**











### We CAN make the next generation tobacco-free



